

Zetasinter

High Temperature tube furnace

Operations Manual



Thank you for purchasing the Zetasinter furnace. To avoid any misuse and damage, please read the operations manual carefully before using.



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1. Furnace Description

The Zetasinter is a tubular furnace using MoSi2 heating elements and a high purity alumina tube, working temperatures are between 800°C and 1550°C. Zetamix printed parts must be placed inside the tube sealed with flanges. Depending on the material, they can be sintered in an ambient or inert atmosphere.

2. Technical Specifications

Heating Power	3.5 kW		
Voltage / Frequency / Current	220V / 50Hz / 32A		
Maximum temp.	1600°C		
Working Temp.	1550°C		
Suggested heating rate	≤ 3°C/min		
Temperature controller accuracy	±1°C		
Thermocouple	B type		
Heating elements	6 x U type MoSi2		
Size	860x605x1120mm – 112 kg		
Chamber size	Ø90x100mm		



3. Safety

a. Intended use

Only parts printed with Zetamix by Nanoe® filaments can be heat treated in Zetasinter. Reference names of Zetasinter by Nanoe® filaments are:

- Zetamix H13 Steel®
- Zetamix H13 Steel®
- Zetamix White Zirconia®
- Zetamix Black Zirconia®
- Zetamix Alumine®

Installation must be done according the Zetasinter facility guide.

Installation, use and maintenance must be done according to this operation manual.



The set-up instructions and safety regulations must be observed, otherwise the furnace will be deemed to have been used incorrectly, effectively cancelling any claims against Nanoe.

b. Assembling

Assembling must be done according to this operation manual.



Danger due to electrical Current.

During installation and maintenance work, the electric supply to the furnace must be switched off.

Work on electrical equipments may only be performed by qualified personnel.

Only the vacuum pump can be connected to the socket on the side of the furnace body.



c. Operation

Temperature controller

For each material reference, the heat program must be defined by the operator according to guidelines provided by Nanoe (www.zetamix.fr).

The maximum safety temperature is set at 1600°C. Above, the temperature controller automatically stops the heat treatment.

The recommended maximum working temperature is 1550°C.

Heating and cooling rates may not exceed 3°C/min (except emergency stop).

Do not turn off the power supply of the equipment if the furnace temperature is above 500°C.

After replacing the temperature controller, its settings must be adjusted before use.

Alumina tube and refractory blocks

Put the refractory blocks on both sides of the tube before starting a heating cycle and wait until the furnace temperature drops to room temperature (<100°C) before removing them.

Do not touch the inner or outer surface of the furnace during or immediately after use.

Do not place any objects on the furnace body.



Hot surfaces, danger of burning.

You may not always realize that surfaces, such as the furnace walls, tube and crucible are hot. Do not touch the surface.

Vacuum pump

Check the oil level before use.

Gas supply

Working at a positive relative pressure is not recommended for the alumina tube. The relative pressure must not exceed 0.2 bar (0.02 MPa). Inlet and outlet flanges must remain open during the heat treatment. Switch off the furnace (hold or stop conditions) if the pressure exceeds 0.2 bar (0.02 MPa) and/or the bubbler is not bubbling.



Positive relative pressure is not recommended for this product. The relative gas supply pressure should not exceed 0.2 bar (0.02 MPa) and the flanges should be properly adjusted.



Inert gases such as argon are dangerous because of the risk of asphyxiation.

The working area must be ventilated using an appropriate ventilation system. The use of an oxygen monitor is recommended.



d. Maintenance

The power supply must be switched off before any maintenance work.





Danger due to electrical current.

During installation and maintenance work, the electric supply to the furnace must be switched off.

Work on the electrical equipment may only be performed by qualified personnel.



4. Assembling



Danger due to electrical current.

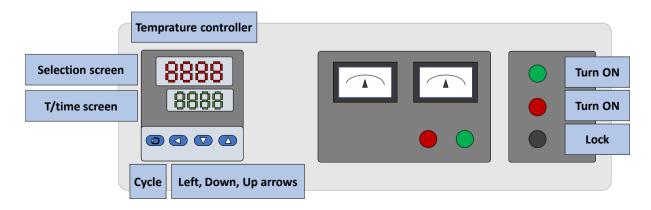
During installation and maintenance work, the electric supply to the furnace must be switched off.

Work on the electrical equipment may only be performed by qualified personnel.

- Install the furnace according to the facility guide.
- Remove the plastic cover from the heating elements under the top cover (remove the screws to do this).



- Install the alumina tube. Put the refractory blocks on both sides of the tube (cf. Alumina tube chapter).
- Close the circuit breaker, turn on the power → the green light comes on and the cooling fan starts to work.
- Turn the "lock" button clockwise → the temperature control unit is now switched on.
- Press the "Turn On" button (green light is now on).





- For the first heating, the furnace chamber must be "baked" for 2 hours at 300°C. Using the temperature controller, program and run the "baking" cycle (cf. Temperature controller chapter):
 - (C01=50; t01=85; C02=300; t02=120; C03=300; t03=65; C04=100; t04=-121)
- For the first high temperature heating (above 400°C), heating element must be "passivated" for 2 hours at 1200°C (cf. heating element chapter). Using the temperature controller, program and run the "passivation" cycle:

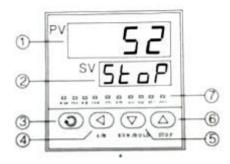
(C01=50; t01=385; C02=1200; t02=120; C03=1200; t03=365; C04=100; t04=-121)

- Install the vacuum pump and the flowmeter (cf. Vacuum pump & flowmeter chapter).
- Install the bubbler (cf. Bubbler chapter).



5. Temperature controller

Heating program setting



- ① Process value (Thermo couple temperature °C) (PV)
- ②Setting value (temperature °C- Program state*) (S V)
- 3 Setting key (confirm KEY)
- 4 Data shift key (and program setup entry)
- (5) Data reduction key (and program RUN/HOLD)
- 6 Data add key (and program STOP)
- (7) Function indicator :
 - PRG controller in running state
 - OP1 power output
 - OP2 power output level

Program state symbols

Symbol	Description			
StoP Program stop state				
HoLd	Program hold state			
rdy	Program ready state			
orAL	Input specification setting is incorrect or input wiring is			
	disconnected/thermocouple problem or short circuited			
HIAL	High limit alarm			
LoAL	Low limit alarm			
HdAL Deviation high alarm				
LdAL	Deviation low alarm			
EEπ	IC software error			
8888	IC software error			

Stop state

When you turn on the "Lock", the temperature controller displays the model and version. After a few seconds, it switches to the off-state.

- PV: "TC temperature" (50°C at room temperature).
- SV: "StoP" is alternately displayed on the lower window.







Heating program setting

① From stop state, Press to go to the setup program state.



(2) The set points of the step StEPXX are displayed (C XX temperature in °C, and t XX time in min).



③ Press and to modify the value.

4) Press to move to the next parameter. The program parameters are displayed in the following order: setpoint1, time1, setpoint2, time2.



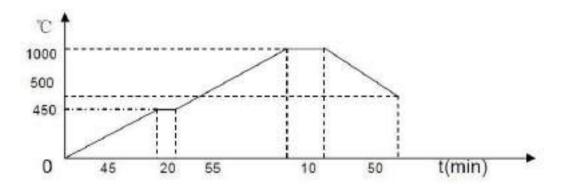
- Press and hold to return to the previous setting. The program step can be changed at any time, even if the program is running.
- (5) Set txx= -121 to indicate the end of the program (automatic switch-off).



6 Press and simultaneously to exit the settings. If no key is pressed within 25 seconds, it also exits to stop state.



Example:



Steps	Symbol	Input	Meaning in the program			
	C 01	0 (℃)	Start Temperature 0 °C (The temperature controller have the auto compensation Function ,when controller start work, will rise temperature			
SP1			based on the thermocouple tested)			
		45 (min)	Stats Temperature heating up from 0 to 450°C, and the time needed 45			
	t 01		minutes to SP2(450 °C).			
			Slope of raising curve is 10°C /minute.			
SP2	C 02	450 (°C)	The program takes 45minutes to raise temperature to SP2.			
512	t 02	20 (min)	It means Keep same temperature in 20 minute to SP3.			
SP3	C 03	450 (°C)	Start Temperature heating up from 450 °C to 1000 °C			
513	t 03	55 (min)	The program takes 55minutes to raise temperature to SP4			
		04 1000 (℃)	Stats Temperature heating up from 450 °C to 1000 °C, and the time needed			
SP4	C 04		55 minutes to SP4(1000 degree).			
514			Slope of raising curve is 10°C /minute.			
	t 04	10 (min)	It means Keep same temperature in 10 minutes to SP5			
	C 05	1000 (°C)	This is the step for the temperature cooling down form the 1000°C to			
SP5			500°C, slope of cooling curve is 10°C /minute.			
	t 05	50 (min)	The time needed is 50 minutes to reach (500°C),to SP6.			
SP6 C 06 500 (°C) This is the temperature to be cooled (500 °C) t 06 -121 Program end		This is the temperature to be cooled (500°C)				
		-121	Program end			



Specific settings:

Time Setting

Time set(min)	Meaning
Set "t ××"=1∼9999	Set the time of $\times \times$ StEP (Time units can be change to Hour by parameter
	"PAF")
Set "t×x" =0 The program hold on StEP × x, program will hold running	
	counting time.
Set "t××=−121"	The program stops, and switches to stop state

Heating programs saving

Code	Input data	meaning		
C01	0			
T01	-2	execute the program of group curve(2-5) ,this is step 2		
C02	0	start temperature value from 1st group curve		
t02	45	1st group curve 1st step running time		
C03	450°C	first group curve: temperature value of 1st turning point		
t03	100	1st group curve 2nd step running time		
C04	1500°C	First group: temperature value of 2nd turning point		
t04	20	1st group curve 3rd step running time		
C05	1500℃	First group curve: temperature value of 3rd turning point		
t05 -121 When program stop, the step will be set to 1 an		When program stop, the step will be set to 1 and execute "stop",		
		cooling down naturally.		
C06	0	set T01 to -6,means operation execute 2nd group(6-9), set this to		
		6; 2nd group curve Initial Temperature		
t06	60	2nd group curve 1st step running time		
C07	600℃	2nd group curve: temperature value of 1st turning point		
t07	100	2nd group curve 2nd step running time		
C08	1600℃	2nd group curve: temperature value of 2nd turning point		
t08	20	2nd group curve 3rd step running time		
C09	1600℃	2nd group curve: temperature value of 3rd turning point		
t09	-121	Program end and return to 1st group then execute stop process, cooling		
		down naturally		



Run/Hold states

Run state:

In Stop state, press and hold until the SV window displays the "run" symbol. The controller runs the defined program.



Hold state:

In Run state, press and hold until the SV window displays the "HoLd" symbol. Controller holds the given temperature and stop the timer.



In Hold state, press the until the SV window displays the "run" symbol. Controller starts running again.

Step number and timer:

In Run or Hold states, press to display the current step number and timer (PV: current step time setting and SV: current step elapsed time).





Return to Stop state:

In Run or Hold states, press, and hold until the SV window displays the "StoP" symbol. The controller will stop (free cooling), the timer will be reset, and the step number will be set to 1.

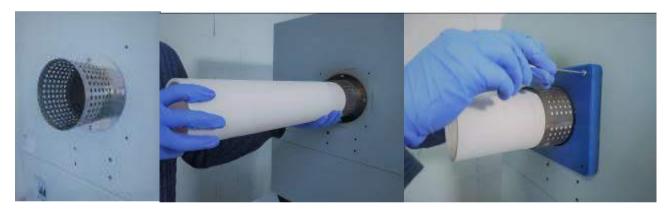


6. Alumina tube and refractory blocks

Alumina tube



- 1 Switch off the power supply.
- (2) Install the heat shields.
- 3 Carefully insert the tube into the furnace, keep it straight to avoid breaking the heating elements. Keep an equal length of tube at both ends of the furnace.
- 4) Install the tube holders.



Wrap the threads with PTFE tape and connect the pressure gauge and intake valves to the flanges:

Right: Inlet flange (OD 6mm connection to the gas



<u>Left</u>: Outlet flange (OD 10mm connection to the vacuum pump or to the bubbler)



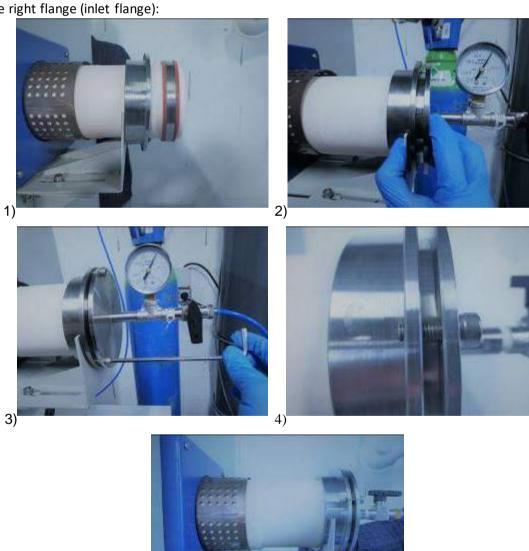


The installation of the sealing flanges is shown in the figure below:

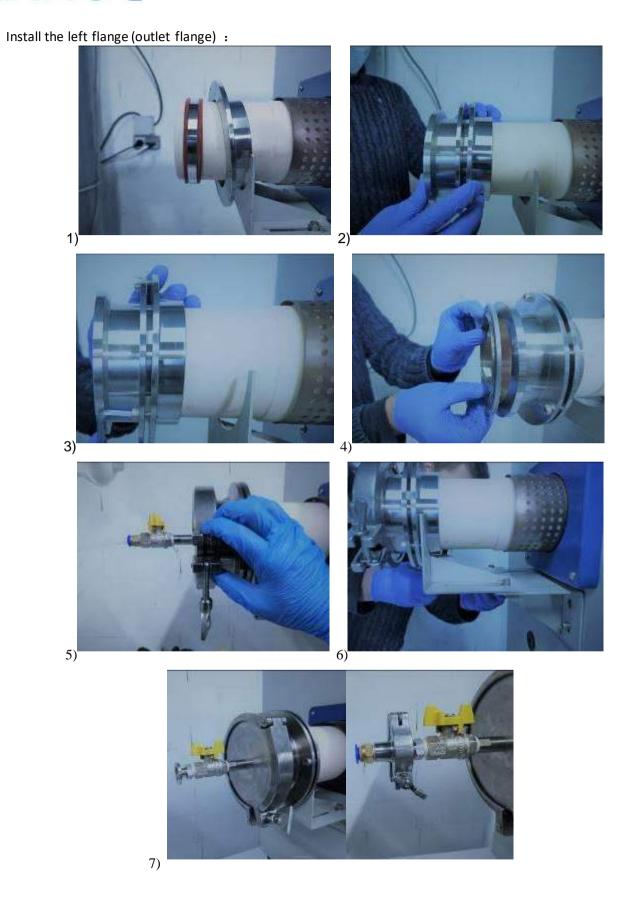
5)



Install the right flange (inlet flange):







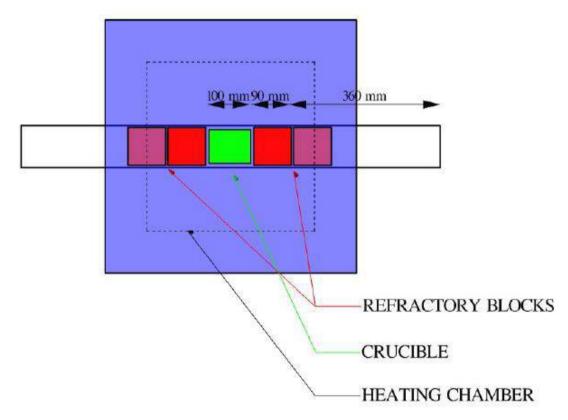
Adjust the position of the tube holders under the flanges, they must be in contact with the flanges.



Use: refractory blocks and alumina plate



- Install the four refractory blocks (Ø85x90mm) and the alumina plate (100x75mm → possibility of using 2)
- Two refractory blocks must be placed at each edge of the heating chamber as shown in the figure below. It is recommended to use marks on the crucible hook at 36, 45 and 55 cm.
- If the refractory blocks are not positioned correctly, this can lead to tube failure.



Maintenance

After every heat treatment:

Clean the binder residues in the outlet flange with a degreaser. Use a bottle brush to clean the outlet valve. Please note that only refractory blocks are required to debind/sinter Zetamix ceramics. No need to put and close the flanges.





After five heat treatment:

- If the refractory blocks and the alumina plate are black due to binder residue. Program and run an "cleaning cycle" under ambient atmosphere (inlet and outlet valves open):

(C01=50; t01=485; C02=1500; t02=120; C03=1500; t03=467; C04=100; t04=-121)



7. Vacuum pump & flowmeter

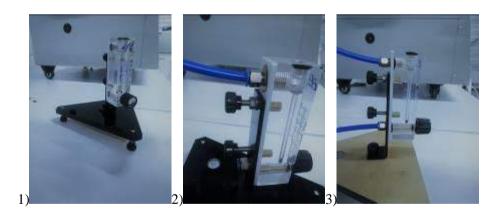
Vacuum pump

- ① Unscrew the blue vacuum pump cap and inject the appropriate amount of oil. Put back the vacuum pump cap without (without the small black cover).
- 2 Plug the vacuum pump into the socket on the side of the furnace body.
- 3 Connect the vacuum pump to the outlet flange using the Ø10mm flexible air hose.



Flowmeter

- 1 Install the flowmeter on its holder.
- 2 Connect its outlet (upwards) to the inlet flange with the Ø6mm flexible air hose.
- 3 Connect its inlet (downwards) to the 0.2 bar (0.02MPa) gas supply (1/8 NPT F).



Use: Flushing

- Close the valves and the flowmeter.
- Turn on the pump.
- Open the outlet valve.
- Wait till the tube pressure is under -0.9 bar (-0.09 MPa).
- Close the outlet valve.



For the first flush you can perform a vacuum test. The vacuum test is positive if it is possible to keep a static vacuum under - 0.9 bar (-0.09 MPa) during more than 5 min.

Inert gas filling:

- Open the inlet valve and open **slowly** the flowmeter.
- Wait till the tube pressure is at 0 bar / MPa.
- Close the flanges

Do the vacuum as explained above 5 times

Maintenance:

After five heat treatments:

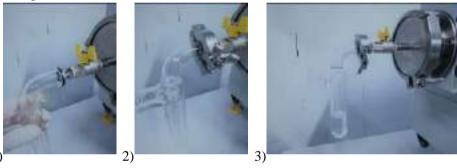
- Check the oil level in the pump.



8. Bubbler

Once the vacuum has been done 5 times (remembering to reinsert inert gas between each):

- ① Remove the vacuum pump flexible air hose from the outlet flange. Then, connect the bubbler to the outlet flange with the o-ring (may need grease). Remember to keep the inlet and outlet valves closed when doing this.
- 2 Seal the connection by closing the clamp slightly.
- (3) Fill the bubbler with 70 mL of water (level at 110 mm height from the bottom).
- (4) <u>Slowly</u> open the outlet valve (let the overpressure released to 0 bar) and set the flowmeter to 0.5 L/min (or according to the filament guideline).
- (5) Set the heat treatment, during it:
 - Adjust the water level to 110 mm every 48 hours to compensate the evaporation.
 - Inlet and outlet flange must be kept opened.
 - Stop the furnace (hold or stop states) if the pressure is higher than 0.2 bar (0.02 MPa) and/or the bubbler is not bubbling.



Maintenance

After every heat treatment:

Clean the binder residues with a degreaser and a bottle brush.



9. MoSi2 Heating elements

In order to form a protective layer against oxidation, new heating elements must be heated to 1200°C for 2 hours with a ramp of 3°C/min (cf 4. Assembling). This process should be done when using a Zetasinter for the first time or after replacing the heating elements.

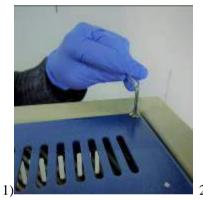
The resistance of MoSi2 heating elements increases with use and the performance of the furnace may decrease. Used MoSi2 heating elements are very brittle, especially after heat treatment at 1200°C.

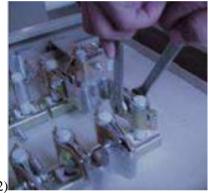
New and used MoSi2 heating elements can be used together.

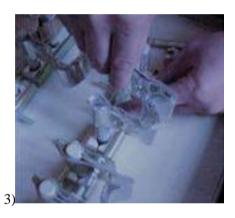
Replacement

The power must be turned off before maintenance or inspection.

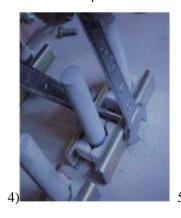
- 1 Unscrew the top cover and remove it.
- 2 Unscrew of the clip of the connection bridge (for each rods of the U type heating element) and remove it.
- 3 Take off the connection bridges.







- 4 Unscrew the clip from the ceramic jaws that hold the heating element.
- (5) Remove the ceramic jaws and the refractory block.
- 6 Remove the heating element which needs to be replaces
- (7) Replace it with a new heating element. Replace the refractory block and ceramic jaws, make sure they all fit in the same position as before.









- (8) When tightening the clip screw, make sure that the bottom of the heating element does not touch the bottom of the furnace chamber.
- 9 Then follow the procedure 4321 to tighten the screw and complete the heating element replacement.



$10. \\ \textbf{Trouble shooting}$

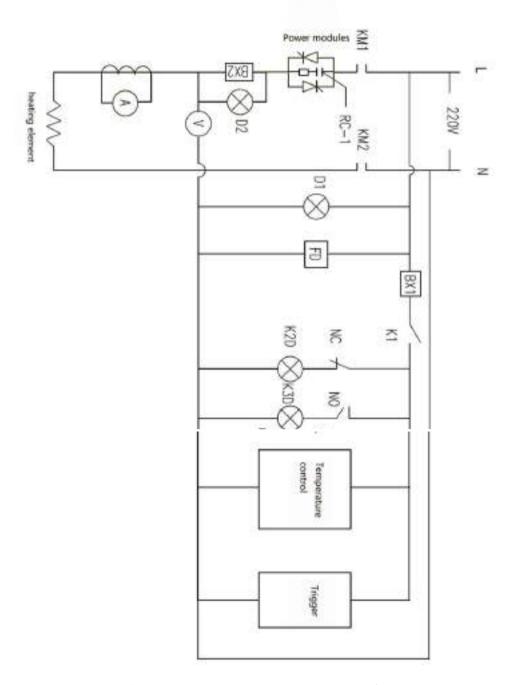
Failure	Code 1	Code 2	Explanation	Solution
No power	/	/	The furnace is not	Check the power supply and
			connected to the	the electrical connection.
			power supply.	Check and close the 32A
				circuit breaker on the furnace
				body (left).
Lock key is	/	/	The control circuit is	Identify (if possible) the cause
turned clockwise			not connected to	of the failure.
(right) but the			the power supply	Check and close the 2A circuit
temperature			because its 2A	breaker inside the furnace
controller is not			circuit breaker is	(behind the control panel).
switched on.			open.	
No heating	Heating	The green	The heater power	Identify (if possible) the cause
power.	elements	"power" light	circuit is not	of the failure.
	voltage and	is off, and the	connected to the	Check and close the 32A
	current are 0	red "open	power supply	circuit breaker inside the
	while the	circuit" light is	because its 32A	furnace (behind the control
	temperature	on.	circuit breaker is	panel).
	controller is on		open.	
	run state.	The green	Same as the	Same as the previous failure
		"power" light	previous failure and	and
		is off and the	the red light is	change the red light.
		red "open	broken.	
		circuit" light is		
		off.		
	The current of	/	A heating element is	Identify which heating
	the heating		broken.	element is broken and change
	elements is 0			it.
	while their			Check first under the top
	voltage is			cover and then inside the
	maximum.			heating chamber.
Controller panel	/	/	The thermocouple	Change the thermocouple.
SV indicate			circuit is broken.	
"Oral"				
Controller panel	/	/	Furnace	Let the furnace cool down.
SV indicate			temperature >Max	Check the temperature
"Hial"				controller and the
				thermocouple.



Failure	Code 1	Code 2	Explanation(s)	Solution
Impossible to do	/	/	-Exhaust gas circuit	Check the position of the valves.
vacuum under			is closed.	Check the outlet flange for dirt.
-0.1 bar (-0.01			-Inlet gas circuit is	Check if the tube is broken (It is
MPa)			open.	possible to turn the tube slightly
			-Important	to one side, if it turns to the
			leakage.	other side too, it is certainly not
				broken)
Vacuum test is	/	/	Small leakage.	Check the flange seals.
negative				
(impossible to				
maintain static				
vacuum under				
-0.9 bar (-0.09				
MPa) for more				
than 5 min.				
Impossible to	/	/	0.2 Bar (0.02 MPa)	Use an appropriate gas supply
maintain a			gas supply is not	(double stage 0.1 bar (0.01 MPa)
constant inlet gas			stable.	precision \rightarrow cf. Facility Guide)
flow of 0.3 L/min.				
The bubbler	Tube pressure	/	No gas supply.	Turn off the furnace (hold or
doesn't bubble	is at 0 bar		The gas supply	stop-state).
while the	(MPa)		circuit is closed.	Check the flow meter and the
flowmeter and				inlet valve installation.
valves (inlet and				Check the gas supply.
outlet) are open.	The tube	/	Outlet flange is	Switch off the furnace (hold or
	pressure is ≥		clogged.	stop state).
	0.2 bar (0.02			Check the installation of the
	MPa)			outlet valve.
				Check the outlet flange for dirt
				(after the furnace has cooled
				down).



11. Electrical schematic diagram



 $({\bf 220V}\ Electrical\ schematic\ diagram})$



12. Quick start procedure

HEATING CURVE SETTING

- 1. Turn on the temperature controller by turning the LOCK button.
- 2. The temperature controller is initializing and then displays the initial screen.
- 3. Press the LETF ARROW button to display the heating curve setting.
- 4. The screen is now displaying the first segment (**C 01**) and the associated temperature. This temperature can be modified by pressing the UP or DOWN ARROWS. After pressing the UP or DOWN ARROWS for a few second, the decimal point will be displaced to the left in order to change the temperature faster. With the side arrows, you can choose to change the number of units, tens, hundreds...
- 5. Once the first temperature is set, press the CYCLE button to move to the first segment time setting (**T 01**). You can change the time displayed in minutes by pressing the UP or DOWN ARROWS. With the side arrow, you can choose to change the number of units, tens, hundreds...
- 6. Then you can cycle through the segment by pressing the CYCLE button to build the desired heating curve. The number displayed by the letter C or T corresponds to the number of the segment.
- 7. Note that a plateau can be added by choosing the same temperature as the temperature of the previous segment. If so, the time setting of that segment corresponds to the time of the plateau.
- 8. Finally, when all segments are built, you must add a final step by choosing -121 as the temperature of the last segment and not assigning any time control to this step.
- 9. In order to exit the heating curve setting, you can wait 20s and the temperature controller will automatically return to the initial screen. You can check your heating curve by entering the heating curve setting again (back to point 3).

RUN A HEATING CURVE

- 1. To run the selected heating curve, you must first press the TURN ON button to close the circuit breaker. The green button will light up.
- 2. Press the DOWN ARROW (run) for more than one second to start the heating curve.
- 3. You can hold the heating curve by pressing the DOWN ARROW for a little longer than one second. To resume the heating curve, press the DOWN ARROW again for more than one second. You can stop the heating curve by pressing the UP ARROW for more than one second.



13. EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (No 2018-11-a)

- 1. Product model: Zetasinter Tubular 2947
- 2. Name and address of the manufacturer:

Nanoe SAS, 6 rue des frenes, 91160 Ballainvilliers

+339 81 98 33 64

- 3. This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. It is based on evaluation on a sampling of the aboved mentionned model.
- 4. Object of the declaration: Tube furnace model Zetasinter Tubular 2947
- 5.The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation:

EU directive on low voltage electrical equipments 2014/35/UE

6.Applicable standards for this declaration are:

EN 60519-1/2015 : Safety in installations for electroheating and electromagnetic processing - Part 1: General requirements

EN 60519-2/2015 : Safety in electroheat installations - Part 2: Particular requirements for resistance heating equipment.

EN 50156-1/2015 : Electrical equipment for furnaces and ancillary equipment - Part 1: Requirements for application design and installation.

Signed for and on behalf of: Nanoe SAS

Ballainvilliers, on the 23/11/2018:

Guillaume de Calan, CEO



